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7	Telephone: (916) 210-7522 Fax: (916) 322-8288 E-mail: Neli.Palma@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for Plaintiff State of California, by and	
9	through Attorney General Xavier Becerra	
10	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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13	CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO,	No. C 19-02405 WHA No. C 19-02769 WHA
14	Plaintiff,	No. C 19-02769 WHA No. C 19-02916 WHA
15	VS.	DECLARATION OF DENISE
16	ALEX M. AZAR II, et al.,	PINES IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR
17	Defendants.	SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND IN SUPPORT OF THEIR OPPOSITION
18	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, by and through ATTORNEY GENERAL XAVIER BECERRA,	TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS OR, IN THE
19	Plaintiff,	ALTERNATIVE, FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT
20	VS.	
21	ALEX M. AZAR, et al.,	Date: October 30, 2019 Time: 8:00 AM
22	Defendants.	Courtroom: 12 Judge: Hon. William H. Alsup
23	COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA et al,	Action Filed: 5/2/2019
24	Plaintiffs,	
25	VS.	
26	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, et al.,	
27	Defendants.	
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I, DENISE PINES, declare:

- I am the President of the Medical Board of California (Board). I was appointed as a public member to the Board by Governor Edmund Gerald Brown, Jr., on August 29, 2012, and was elected President of the Board on July 26, 2018. I make this declaration in my official capacity as President of the Board and make this declaration of my own persenal knowledge.
 - 2. The Board is a state governmental agency established to protect the public by regulating the practice of physicians and surgeons and certain allied health care professionals, including licensed midwives; it is a component of the California Department of Consumer Affairs. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 101, 2004. The Board is responsible for the implementation and enforcement of the Medical Practice Act, the state laws related to medical education, licensure, practice, and discipline. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 2000 et seq. The Board's authorizing statutes designate its highest priority as the protection of the public. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 2001.1.
 - 3. The Board's enforcement statute, California Business and Professions Code section 2234, directs that the Board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. Unprofessional conduct under California Business and Professions Code section 2234 is conduct which breaches the rules or ethical code of the medical profession, or conduct which is unbecoming a member in good standing of the medical profession, and which demonstrates an unfitness to practice medicine. Shea v. Board of Medical Examiners (1978) 81 Cal.App.3d 564, 575.
 - 4. To carry out its mission of protecting the public, the Board performs a number of functions, including but not limited to:
 - a. Evaluating licensure applications to determine whether the applicant meets the criteria for licensure:
 - Enforcing state law by taking appropriate disciplinary action against
 physicians and surgeons and other allied health care professionals who violate
 the Medical Practice Act; and

- c. Adopting regulations and guidance to clarify the performance, practice, and disciplinary standards for its licensees.
- 5. The Board is mandated to protect consumers from licensees who practice in a manner that may be unsafe or unprofessional. The Board has authority to revoke, suspend, or place on probation any license if the licensee has violated a provision of the law governing the profession. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 2220.
- 6. Physicians and surgeons and licensed midwives have a duty to obtain informed consent of patients before performing or ordering a procedure or treatment for which informed consent is required. See, e.g., 22 Cal. Code of Regs. § 72528.
- 7. The Board has a statutory responsibility to discipline a licensee if, because of a characteristic protected by California's Unruh Civil Rights Act, the licensee refuses to perform the licensed activity, if the licensee incites another licensee to refuse to perform the licensed activity, or if the licensee makes any discrimination or restriction in performing the licensed activity. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 125.6(a)(1). Characteristics protected under the Unruh Civil Rights Act are sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sexual orientation, citizenship, primary language, and immigration status. Cal. Civ. Code § 51(b). "Sex" is defined to include, but not be limited to, gender, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy, childbirth, and medical conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth. Cal Civ. Code § 51(e)(5).
- 8. I am familiar with the final rule Protecting Statutory Conscience Rights in Health Care; Delegations of Authority, RIN 0945-AA10, issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and published in the Federal Register on May 21, 2019 (the Rule).
- 9. The Rule creates a broad exemption for medical professionals and personnel to opt out of any healthcare service based on a moral or religious ground. Specific scenarios are included in the Rule, including abortion, sterilization, euthanasia, certain vaccinations if there is an "aborted fetal tissue" connection (rubella, polio, Hep A, chickenpox, small pox), contraception, gender transition/gender dysphoria (counseling, administering hormone

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27 28 prescriptions, etc.), tubal ligations, hysterectomies, assisted suicide, and referrals for advanced directives.

- 10. Under the Rule, there is not any exception provided for emergency situations. This is notable because even in the exercise of a physician's conscience, "[p]hysicians are expected to provide care in emergencies, honor patients' informed decisions to refuse lifesustaining treatment, and respect basic civil liberties and not discriminate against individuals in deciding whether to enter into a professional relationship with a new patient." American Medical Association, Policy E-1.1.7, "Physician Exercise of Conscience." Code of Medical Ethics. Adopted 2016. See also Cal. Health & Saf. Code § 123420(d) (stating that California's abortion conscience refusal law does not apply to medical emergency situations and spentaneous abortions); Cal. Health & Saf. Code § 1317 (a) & (e) (requiring that any health facility that operates an emergency department provide emergency services to patients for any condition in which the person is in danger of loss of life, or serious injury or illness); see also 42 U.S.C. § 1395dd(a).
- 11. Under the Rule, physicians and surgeons can refuse medical care without any information about the patient's medical condition or treatment options, not just on the basis of federally protected conscience protections, but also on the basis of "ethical or other reasons." A provider can do this without any supporting evidence, without notifying a supervisor of the denial of service, even in emergency situations, and without providing notice or alternative options and/or referrals to patients in need.
 - 12. The Rule if implemented may thus impact the work and mission of the Board.
- 13. If, as a result of the Rule's requirements, patients file complaints against physicians and surgeons who deny care or fail to provide them with timely, accurate, and complete information, or if there is a complaint of denial of care due to an allegation of discrimination, then the Board will have to investigate such complaints.
- 14. Furthermore, the Board is responsible for enforcing California law through disciplinary proceedings. Thus, the Board may face an increase in disciplinary matters for physicians and surgeons if these complaints are substantiated.

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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on August 10, 2019, in 65 Denise Pines President Medical Board of California